



Faculty of Agricultural Sciences "Digital Value Chains for a Sustainable Small-Scale Agriculture"

Exemplary on-farm research of region-, period- and sward-specific grassland yield prediction using geoprocessing methods

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Research questions

- How can grassland farmers be supported with an easily accessible yield prediction?
- How can prediction be adapted to the growing conditions of their grasslands?
- What is the best tool to implement a site-specific yield forecast based on RPM measurements?

Materials and methods

- four organic test farms in the Black Forest region
- · species-rich and heterogeneous grasslands





- compressed sward height (CSH) measured by the Grasshopper® system for dry matter (DM) yield calculation
- · categorization of the dataset based on
 - (1) sward type
 - (grass-rich, balanced, clover- and herb-rich)(2) growing period
 - (1st period, 2nd period, 3rd period)
- 9 specific equations derived for Black Forest region
- ArcGIS ModelBuilder is used to apply specific prediction equation
- yield maps are created using Kriging interpolation



Results and discussion

- · yield level differs greatly within a field
- areas with relatively high and relatively low yields coincide when considering different cuts
- geoprocessing is a useful tool to convert RPM measurements into yield prediction depending on specific growing conditions
- yield maps are created



Conclusion

- on-farm research is necessary to develop region-, period- and sward-specific prediction equations
- geoprocessing methods enable to apply specific equations to RPM measurements
- prediction accuracy is improved
- site-specific management can be implemented based on yield maps

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